Supporting Information

for

Synthesis of eunicellane-type bicycles embedding a 1,3cyclohexadiene moiety

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Experimental procedures, spectroscopical data, X-ray analysis of 30, and NMR spectra plots

Materials and methods

Chemicals were purchased and, if not stated otherwise, used without further purification. Solvents were distilled prior to use or purchased. For reactions under an argon atmosphere, solvents were dried and distilled under argon using a Solvent Purification System. Yields that are given for each step refer to purified compounds. Optical rotatory power was recorded with a Dr. Kernchen Propol automatic polarimeter at the given concentration $[[\alpha]_D$: deg·cm³·g⁻¹·dm⁻¹, *c*: g/100 cm³]. Solvents are given in the procedures. NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker AVII-300 (300 MHz for ¹H, 75.5 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 297 K), a Bruker AVIIIHD-300N (300 MHz for ¹H, 75.5 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 298 K), a Bruker DRX400 (400 MHz for ¹H, 100.6 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 298 K), a Bruker AVIII-400 (400 MHz for ¹H, 100.6 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 298 K), a Bruker AVIII-400 (400 MHz for ¹H, 100.6 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 298 K), a Bruker AVIII-600 (600 MHz for ¹H, 150.9 MHz for ¹³C, *T* = 303 K). Chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm as referenced to tetramethylsilane (TMS). Signals were assigned with the aid of ¹H, ¹H-COSY,

¹H,¹³C-HSQC, ¹H,¹³C-HMBC, and ¹H,¹H-NOESY experiments. Mass spectra were recorded with EI and ESI ionization methodology. For EI measurements, a Finnigan MAT 95 XL (Thermofinnigan MAT) or a GC-EIMS system consisting of an Agilent 6890 gas chromatograph (column: Phenomenex ZB5-MS, 30 m length × 0.25 mm internal diameter, 0.25 μ m phase density) and a JMST100GC (GCAccuTOF, JEOL, Japan) mass spectrometer were used. For ESI measurements, a LTQ Orbitrap Velos (ThermoFisher Scientific) was employed. IR spectra were recorded with a Bruker Tensor 27 spectrometer. UV-vis spectra were recorded with a Varian Cary 100 Bio UV/Vis-spectrometer. Solvents are given in the procedures. Melting points were determined with a Büchi 530 or a Büchi M-560 device and are uncorrected. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck silica 60 F₂₅₄ aluminum sheets. Column chromatography was performed using Merck Geduran[®] silica 40-63 μ m at elevated pressure. Eluents are given in the procedures.

Ethyl (1R,6R)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-oxocyclohex-3-ene-1-carboxylate (10)



At -78 °C, a solution of *n*-BuLi in hexanes (1.6 M, 34.5 mL, 55.18 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of diisopropylamine (8.3 mL, 59.12 mmol) in dry THF (100 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at -78 °C, before a solution of dihydrocarvone **9** (6.00 g, 39.41 mmol) and DMPU (12 mL, 99.24 mmol) in dry THF (50 mL) was added dropwise. After 1 h ethyl cyanoformate (5.858 g, 59.12 mmol) was added in one portion and the mixture was stirred for 5 min at -78 °C. The

reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (50 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to rt. The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (4 × 150 mL), the organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1), to give a 5.6:1 mixture of diastereomers 10a,b (8.69 g, 38.74 mmol, 98%) as colorless oil. - R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.34. – $[\alpha]_{D}^{21}$ = -6.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, **10a**): δ = 6.77 (qdd, J = 1.4, 2.7, 5.5 Hz, 1H, C_aCHCH₂), 4.24 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.32 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, CHC_aOOEt), 2.45 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.35 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH), 2.17 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH), 1.79 (td, J = 1.4, 2.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_a), 1.72 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.96 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.88 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃, **10a**): δ = 195.5 (1C, C_aC_a=O), 170.5 (1C, C_qOOEt), 144.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCH), 134.7 (1C, CH₃C_q), 60.9 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 58.6 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 43.1 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.0 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 24.6 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 20.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 16.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 15.7 (1C, CH_3C_a), 14.2 (1C, CH_3CH_2). – IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2961 (w), 1737 (s), 1072 (w), 1671 (s), 1369 (m), 1255 (m), 1153 (m), 1026 (m), 568 (w) cm⁻¹. – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, **10b**): δ = 6.84 (m, 1H, C_qCHCH₂), 4.14 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.64 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CHC_qOOEt), 2.44 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 1.84 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.81 (dd, J = 1.8, 3.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_q), 1.67 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH_3CH_2), 1.00 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.96 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$, **10b**): δ = 195.0 (1C, $C_qC_q=0$), 168.7 (1C, C_qOOEt), 146.9 (1C, CH_3C_qCH), 133.9 (1C, CH_3C_q), 60.3 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 55.5 (1C, CHC₀OOEt), 44.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 30.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 28.1 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 20.5 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 15.9 (1C, CH₃C_a), 14.6 (1C, CH₃CH₂). – MS (GC-MS, EI): m/z (%) = 224 (4) [M]⁺, 181 (29), 135 (17), 109 (100), 91 (17), 82 (49), 79 (17), 54 (16), 41 (26). – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 237 (3.93), 320 (2.35) nm. – HREIMS: calcd for C₁₃H₂₀O₃ [M]⁻⁺: 224.14070, found 224.14148.

Ethyl (*R*)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-(((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)oxy)cyclohexa-1,3-diene-1-carboxylate (11)



At -78 °C, a solution of LiHMDS in THF (1.0 M, 40.3 mL, 40.3 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of **10** (9.023 g, 40.23 mmol) in dry THF (100 mL). It was stirred for 1.5 h at the same temperature, before Tf₂O (8.2 mL, 48.83 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C. After 5 min the reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (50 mL) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc

 $(4 \times 150 \text{ mL})$, the organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. After purification by column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 40:1), triflate **11** (12.01 g, 33.73 mmol, 84 %) was obtained as colorless oil. – $R_{\rm f}$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) = 0.40. – $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{22}$ = –3.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.86 (m, 1H, CH₃C_qCH), 4.34 (qd, J = 7.2, 10.9 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 4.21 (qd, J = 7.2, 10.9 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 2.76 (tdd, J = 1.5, 7.1, 8.7 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.48 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH), 2.35 (dd, J = 6.5, 18.2 Hz, 1H, CHCHHCH), 1.84 (m, 3H, CH₃C_q), 1.83 (sept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.87 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.86 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 165.8 (1C, C_qOOEt), 148.4 (1C, C_qOTf), 131.0 (1C, CH₃C_qCH), 127.8 (1C, CH₃C_q), 123.3 (1C, C_qC_qOOEt), 118.3 (q, 1C, $J(^{19}F,^{13}C)$ = 320.2 Hz, CF₃), 61.7 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 40.5 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.5 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 24.6 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 20.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.1 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 16.2 (1C, CH₃C_q), 13.8 (1C, CH₃CH₂). – IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2965 (w), 1717 (m), 1424 (m), 1251 (m), 1203 (s), 1139 (s), 1024 (m), 931 (w), 860 (s), 672 (w), 606 (s) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (Ig ε) = 203 (3.83), 293 (3.75) nm. – MS (GC-MS, EI): m/z (%) = 356 (5) [M]⁺, 311 (23), 267 (45), 241 (35), 181 (36), 134 (83), 91 (100), 77 (46), 53 (15). – HREIMS: calcd for C₁₄H₁₉F₃O₅S [M]⁺⁺: 356.08998, found 356.08922.

(R)-2-Formyl-3-isopropyl-6-methylcyclohexa-1,5-dien-1-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (15)



To a solution of **11** (2 g, 6.404 mmol) in DCM (40 mL), a solution of DIBAL-H in toluene (1.2 M, 13.3 mL, 15.96 mmol) was dropwise added at -78 °C and the resulting solution was stirred for 20 min at the same temperature. Water (3 mL) was added carefully and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to rt. Na₂SO₄ (8 g) was added, and the reaction stirred for another 30 min. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The crude alcohol was dissolved in EtOAc (40 mL), IBX (3.228 g, 11.53 mmol) was added and resulting mixture was refluxed for

7 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 60:1) afforded **15** (1.894 g, 6.065 mmol, 95%) as yellow oil. R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) = 0.42. - $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ = -2.3 (c = 0.9, CHCl₃). - ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.01 (s, 1H, CHO), 6.13

(m, 1H, CH₃C_qC*H*), 2.81 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHC*H*), 2.44 (m, 1H, CHCH₂CH), 1.93 (ddd, *J* = 1.5, 1.5, 3.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_q), 1.81 (qd, *J* = 6.8, 13.6 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.85 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.83 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). $-^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 187.5 (1C, CHO), 155.9 (1C, *C*_qOTf), 136.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCH), 129.4 (1C, C_qCHO), 128.1 (1C, CH₃C_q), 118.5 (q, 1C, *J*(¹⁹F, ¹³C) = 320.4 Hz, CF₃), 36.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 24.8 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 20.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 19.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 16.2 (1C, *C*H₃C_q). - IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 3390 (br, w), 2965 (w), 1701 (w), 1405 (m), 1206 (s), 1135 (s), 1026 (m), 873 (m), 800 (w), 603 (m) cm⁻¹. - UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 223 (3.48), 244 (3.59), 290 (3.12), 356 (2.51) nm. - MS (GC-MS, EI): *m/z* (%) = 312 (5) [M]⁺, 269 (28), 241 (8), 136 (45), 109 (80), 91 (100), 77 (25), 69 (30), 53 (12). - HREIMS: calcd for C₁₂H₁₅F₃O₄S [M]⁻⁺: 312.06377, found 312.06483.

Ethyl (*R,Z*)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-(3-methyl-6-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hex-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexa-1,3-diene-1-carboxylate (13)



Under argon, triflate **11** (60 mg, 0.168 mmol), CuI (3.2 mg, 0.0168 mmol), and $PdCl_2(PPh_{32}^{)}$ (12 mg, 0.0168 mmol) were dissolved in degassed Et_3N (2 mL). A solution of alkyne **12** (34 mg, 0.185 mmol) in degassed Et_3N (2 mL) was added dropwise at 0 °C. After 14 h at rt it was filtered over Celite and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure at 21 °C. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1 to 10:1) product **13** (56 mg, 0.145 mmol, 86%) was obtained as yellow oil. –

*R*_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) = 0.27. $- [\alpha]_D^{22} = -6.3$ (*c* = 1.6, CHCl₃). $- {}^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.72 (overlapping, 1H, C_qCHCH₂CH), 5.72 (overlapping, 1H, CHCH₂CH₂), 4.26 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.93 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂O), 2.62 (dt, *J* = 4.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.43 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.31 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 1.96 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 3.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 1.91 (ddd, *J* = 1.2, 1.2, 1.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.83 (dq, *J* = 6.8, 13.7 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH) 1.72 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 1.33 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qCO, 1.31 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.84 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). $- {}^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 168.1 (1C, C_qOOEt), 138.6 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 135.2 (1C, C_qC_qOOEt), 131.3 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 127.0 (1C, C_qC_qC_qOOEt), 125.3 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH), 118.2 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 109.8 (1C, CH₃C_qO), 97.9 (1C, C_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 91.1 (1C, C_qC_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 64.6 (2C, OCH₂CH₂O), 60.4 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 38.7 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 38.3 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 29.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.7 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 24.7 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 20.3 (1C, CH₃C_qO), 22.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 20.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.4 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 20.3 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.3 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 20.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.4 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 20.3 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.3 (1C, CH₃C_qC). - IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2957 (m), 2874 (w), 1706 (s), 1447 (w), 1373 (m), 1228 (s), 1053 (s), 1026 (s), 862 (m), 816 (m) cm⁻¹. -UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (Ig ε) = 228 (3.87), 247 (3.83), 255 (3.83), 283 (3.70) nm. - HRESI(+)MS : calcd for C₂₄H₃₄AO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 409.23493, found 409.23511.

Ethyl (*R*,*Z*)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-(3-methyl-7-oxooct-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexa-1,3-diene-1carboxylate (14)



Under argon 1 \bowtie HCl (1.1 mL, 2.200 mmol) was added to a solution of **13** (52 mg, 0.135 mmol) in THF (5 mL) and it was stirred for 14 h at rt. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added and it was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with H₂O (2 × 15 mL) and brine (15 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo at 21 °C. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 14:1

nach 10:1) product 14 (33 mg, 0.096 mmol, 71%) was obtained as yellow oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) = 0.24. – $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -4.7 (c = 0.8, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.73 (overlapping, 1H, CHCH₂CH₂), 5.72 (overlapping, 1H, C_aCHCH₂CH), 4.26 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 2.62 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.57 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 2.55 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.32 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 2.16 (s, 3H, CH₃C₀=O), 1.93 (dd, J = 1.8, 3.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH), 1.90 (dd, J = 1.2, 2,4 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 1.83 (dq, J = 6.8, 13.7 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.86 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.84 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 208.3 (1C, CH₃C_a=O), 167.9 (1C, C_aOOEt), 136.8 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 135.4 (1C, C_aC_aOOEt), 131.1 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 127.0 (1C, C_qC_qC_qOOEt), 125.5 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH), 119.5 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 97.4 (1C, C_aC_aCHCH₂CH₂), 91.4 (1C, C_aC_aCHCH₂CH₂), 60.4 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 43.1 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 38.6 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH*C*H), 29.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂*C*H), 29.7 (1C, *C*H₃C_a=O), 25.1 (1C, CH*C*H₂CH₂), 24.6 (1C, CH*C*H₂CH), 22.8 (1C, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 20.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.3 (1C, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH), 20.2 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.2 (1C, CH_3CH_2). - - MS (GC-MS, EI): m/z (%) = 342 (16) [M]⁺, 299 (25), 253 (15), 213 (29), 185 (34), 169 (43), 154 (25), 141 (29), 128 (24), 115 (21), 91 (16), 43 (100). – IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3414 (br, w), 2961 (w), 1712 (s), 1445 (w), 1366 (w), 1231 (s), 1166 (m), 1025 (m), 818 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 228 (3.93), 256 (3.92), 284 (3.81) nm. – HREIMS: calcd for C₂₂H₃₀O₃ [M]⁻⁺: 342.21895, found 342.21797.

(*R*,*Z*)-6-Isopropyl-3-methyl-2-(3-methyl-6-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hex-3-en-1-yn-1yl)cyclohexa-1,3-diene-1-carbaldehyde (16)



To a solution of triflate **15** (344 mg, 1.101 mmol), Cul (21 mg, 0.110 mmol), and $PdCl_2(PPh_{3)2}$ (77 mg, 0.110 mmol) in degassed THF (10 mL) was added alkyne **12** (218 mg, 1.211 mmol), dissolved in degassed Et₃N (5 mL), at 0 °C. After 14 h at rt it was filtered over Celite filtered and concentrated in vacuo at 22 °C. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 40:1 nach 15:1) product **16** (243 mg, 0.710 mmol, 64%) was obtained as yellow oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc,

20:1) = 0.15. $- [\alpha]_D^{24} = +1.3 (c = 1.4, CHCl_3). - {}^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): \delta = 10.32 (s, 1H, CHO), 5.93 (m, 1H, C_qCHCH_2CH), 5.82 (qt, J = 1.4, 7.5 Hz, 1H, CHCH_2CH_2), 3.92 (m, 4H, OCH_2CH_2O), 2.63 (m, 1H, (CH_3)_2CHCH), 2.41 (m, 2H, CHCH_2CH_2), 2.35 (m, 2H, CHCH_2CH), 1.97 (m, 3H, CH_3C_qCHCH_2CH), 1.90$

(ddd, *J* = 1.2, 1.2, 1.2 Hz, 3H, *CH*₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.74 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 1.73 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.30 (s, 3H, *CH*₃C_qCO), 0.82 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *CH*₃CHCH₃), 0.79 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). $-^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 192.8 (1C, *C*HO), 141.6 (1C, *C*_qCHO), 140.2 (1C, *C*HCH₂CH₂), 137.6 (1C, *C*_qC_qC_qCHO), 131.5 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 130.2 (1C, *C*_qCHCH₂CH), 117.6 (1C, *C*_qCHCH₂CH₂), 109.5 (1C, CH₃C_qO), 100.7 (1C, *C*_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 88.0 (1C, *C*_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 64.7 (2C, *O*CH₂CH₂O), 38.3 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 34.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.5 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.9 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 24.8 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 24.0 (1C, *C*H₃C_qO), 22.7 (1C, *C*H₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.0 (1C, *C*H₃CHCH₃), 20.0 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 19.6 (1C, *C*H₃C_qCHCH₂CH). – IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 2957 (w), 2828 (w), 1659 (s), 1373 (m), 1207 (s), 1139 (w), 1053 (s), 863 (m), 817 (w), 607 (w), 566 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (Ig ε) = 235 (3.84), 256 (3.77), 275 (3.73), 330 (3.33) nm. – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₂₂H₃₀NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 365.20872, found 365.20885.

(*R,Z*)-6-Isopropyl-3-methyl-2-(3-methyl-7-oxooct-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexa-1,3-diene-1carbaldehyde (17)



Under argon, 1 M HCl (2.5 mL, 4.995 mmol) was added to a solution of **16** (114 mg, 0.333 mmol) in THF (15 mL). After 16 h, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL) was added and it was extracted with EtOAc (4×20 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with H₂O (2×40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo at 21 °C. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product **17** (76 mg, 0.255 mmol, 77%) was obtained as yellow oil. – $R_{\rm f}$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.41. – $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{24}$ = –5.9 (c = 1.7, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.31 (s, 1H, CHO), 5.96 (m, 1H, C_qCHCH₂CH), 5.81 (m, 1H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.65 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.55 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 2.55 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.42 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 18.5 Hz, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 2.27 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃C_q=O), 1.97 (m, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 1.92 (dd, *J* = 0.9, 2.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.73 (qd, *J* = 6.8, 13.6 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 0.84 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.81 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). $-^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 207.6 (*C*_q=O), 192.8 (1C, CHO), 141.8 (1C, C_qCHO), 138.3 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 137.5 (1C, C_qC_qCHO), 131.3 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 130.4 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH), 118.7 (1C, C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 100.2 (1C, C_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 88.3 (1C, CHC₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 24.8 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 22.7 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.0 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.0 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 19.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH). - IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 3470 (br, w), 2960 (m), 1713 (s), 1661 (s), 1369 (s), 1210 (m), 1163 (m), 1021 (w), 862 (m), 541 (m) cm⁻¹. - UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (Ig ε) = 224 (3.78), 236 (3.85), 256 (3.78), 275 (3.73), 330 (3.35) nm. – MS (GC-MS, EI): *m/z* (%) = 298 (10) [M]⁺, 255 (100), 197 (14), 128 (13), 91 (7). – HREIMS: calcd for C₂₀H₂₆O₂ [M]⁺: 298.19273, found 298.19402.

Bicyclic diol 18



Under argon at 0 °C, zinc powder (261.6 mg, 4.000 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of TiCl₄ (1.0 M in DCM, 2.0 mL, 2.000 mmol) in THF (37 mL). After 15 min a solution of ketoaldehyde **17** (30 mg, 0.101 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added over a period of 2.5 h, followed by stirring (30 min). Aqueous K_2CO_3 (40 mL, 10%) was added an it was extracted with EtOAc (4 × 50 mL). The unified organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo at 20 °C. After separation by semipreparative HPLC (silica,

hexane/iPrOH, 25:1) diol 18 (14 mg, 0.047 mmol, 47%) was obtained as

yellow oil. – $R_{\rm f}$ (hexane/*i*PrOH, 25:1) = 0.17. – $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25}$ = -5.0 (*c* = 1.4, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 6.17 (m, 1H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 5.46 (m, 1H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH), 5.18 (s, 1H, CHOH), 2.82 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H, CHOH), 2.46 (s, 1H, C_qOH), 2.43 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.37 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 2.28 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH), 2.25 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 2.17 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH), 2.10 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 2.00 (dd, J = 9.4, 14.7 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CHH), 1.86 (ddd, J = 0.8, 1.4, 2.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 1.83 (m, 3H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 1.75 (ddd, J = 9.4, 9.4 14.6 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CHH), 1.20 (s, 3H, CH₃C₀OH), 0.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.83 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 149.8$ (1C, C_aC_aCHOH), 138.4 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 130.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH), 122.2 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 121.6 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 119.6 (1C, C_qC_qCHOH), 100.2 (1C, C_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 98.1 (1C, C_qC_qCqCHCH₂CH₂), 73.1 (1C, CHOH), 71.6 (1C, C_qOH), 38.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 36.3 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 31.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.2 (1C, CH₃C_qOH), 24.1 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 23.7 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 21.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.4 (1C, $CH_{3}C_{q}CHCH_{2}CH_{2}$), 19.8 (1C, $CH_{3}CHCH_{3}$), 19.7 (1C, $CH_{3}C_{q}CHCH_{2}CH$). – IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 3421 (br, w), 2926 (w), 1452 (w), 1369 (w), 1046 (w), 753 (s) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 221 (3.65), 228 (3.73), 250 (3.68), 291 (3.51) nm. – MS (GC-MS, EI): *m/z* (%) = 300 (12) [M]⁺, 282 (14), 242 (20), 229 (100), 199 (23), 181 (55), 171 (47), 155 (36), 143 (54), 115 (46), 105 (44), 91 (32), 77 (41). - HREIMS: calcd for C₂₀H₂₈O₂ [M]⁺: 300.20838, found 300.20838.

Bicyclic diol 19



Under argon, IBX (57 mg, 0.202 mmol) was added to a solution of diol **18** (36 mg, 0.120 mmol) in CH₃CN (40 mL). After 4 h at rt the suspension was filtered over a pad of silica, followed by evaporation in vacuo at 21 °C. The crude product (13.2 mg, 44.232 μ mol) was dissolved in THF (1.5 mL). At 0 °C, LiAlH₄ (1.0 M in THF, 22 μ L, 22 μ mol) was added. After 10 min H₂O (10 mL) and EtOAc (10 mL) were added, phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The unified organic phases were with brine (1 × 20 mL) dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo at

21 °C. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 6:1) product **19** (12.8 mg, 42.604 μ mol, 36%) was obtained as colorless solid. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.43. –

[α]_D²⁰ = -6.9 (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 6.08 (m, 1H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 5.49 (m, 1H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 4.14 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, CHOH), 3.66 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H, CHOH), 3.20 (br s, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 3.07 (s, 1H, C_qOH), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 13.3 Hz, 1H, CHCH₂CHH), 2.25 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH), 2.19 (m, 1H, CHCHHCH₂), 1.95 (m, 1H, CHCH₂CH*H*), 1.93 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.85 (ddd, *J* = 1.0, 1.4, 2.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 1.84 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.80 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 2.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.25 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOH), 0.98 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.84 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 149.0 (1C, C_qC_qCHOH), 139.2 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 129.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 121.3 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 120.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 118.6 (1C, C_qC_qCHOH), 100.7 (1C, C_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 96.6 (1C, C_qC_qC_qCHCH₂CH₂), 87.2 (1C, CHOH), 71.0 (1C, C_qOH), 46.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 37.2 (1C, CHCH₂CH₂), 29.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 28.4 (1C, CH₃C_qOH), 24.4 (1C, CHCH₂CH), 23.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH), 21.3 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 20.5 (1C, CH₃C_qOH), 24.4 (22), 229 (88), 199 (19), 181 (35), 171 (55), 155 (31), 143 (52), 128 (47), 115 (39), 105 (43), 91 (32), 77 (41). – IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3419 (br, w), 2932 (w), 1048 (m), 743 (s) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 221 (3.63), 229 (3.73), 251 (3.69), 290 (3.49) nm. – HREIMS: calcd for C₂₀H₂₈O₂ [M]⁺: 300.20838, found 300.20822.

(2R,5S)-2-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-isopropyl-2-methylcyclohexan-1-one (21)



 PtO_2 (89 mg, 0.393 mmol) was added to a solution of diol **20** (6.683 g, 39.254 mmol) in MeOH (150 mL) and stirred in an H₂ atmosphere (balloon) for 3 h. The suspension was filtered over Celite filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in EtOAc, IBX (13.190 g, 47.105 mmol) was added and it was refluxed for 5 h. After cooling the suspension was filtered over a pad silica and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in DCM (50 mL) and 2,6-lutidine (1.1 mL, 10.4 mL, 90.284 mmol) was added, followed by dropwise

addition of TBSOTf (12.6 mL, 54.956 mmol) at -78 °C. The cooling was removed and it was stirred for 1 h, before ice-cold 1 M HCI (20 mL) was added. Phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with brine (2 \times 20 mL). It was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 30:1) product 21 (9.074 g, 31.893 mmol, 81%) was obtained as colorless oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) = 0.44. – $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = –56.8 (c = 2.4, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.73 (dd, J = 12.4, 12.4 Hz, 1H, CHHC_a=O), 2.19 (ddd, J = 2.3, 3.6, 12.2) Hz, 1H, CHHC_a=O), 2.03 (ddd, J = 2.9, 3.5, 14.0 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_aCHH), 1.78 (dddd, J = 3.5, 13.2, 13.3, 16.5 Hz, 1H, TBSOC₀CH₂CHH), 1.55 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.50 (m, 1H, TBSOC₀CH₂CHH),1.49 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.40 (ddd, J = 3.9, 13.4, 13.8 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.29 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qC_q=O), 0.91 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3 , 0.91 (s, 9H, $SiC_q(CH_3)_3$), 0.83 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.11 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.01 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). - 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 212.6 (1C, C_q=O), 77.4 (1C, TBSOC_a), 46.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 41.8 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂), 41.1 (1C, CH₂C_a=O), 32.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.9 (3C, SiC_a(CH₃)₃), 23.9 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂CH₂), 23.6 (1C, CH₃C_aOTBS), 19.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 19.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.3 (1C, SiC_q), -2.0 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -3.2 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). – IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2956 (w), 2932 (w), 2858 (w), 1721 (m), 1468 (w), 1372 (w), 1254 (w), 1207 (w), 1169 (m), 1138 (w), 1081 (m), 1028 (m), 967 (w), 937 (w), 869 (w), 831 (s), 774 (s), 732 (w), 679 (w), 535 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 228 (2.21), 299 (1.74) nm. – MS (GC-MS, EI): m/z (%) = 269 (3) [M–CH₃]⁺, 227 (100), 185 (10), 143 (19), 123 (18), 115 (12), 75 (89). – HREIMS: calcd for C₁₆H₃₂O₂Si [M–CH₃]⁺: 269.19319, found 269.19112.

Ethyl (1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-cyano-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methylcyclohexane-1-carboxylate (22)



Under argon at -78 °C LiHMDS (1.0 M in THF, 1.1 mL, 1.100 mmol) was added to a solution of ketone **21** (150 mg, 0.527 mmol) in THF (2 mL) and warmed up to rt within 30 min. A solution of CNCOOEt (209 mg, 2.109 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added dropwise at -78 °C and it was stirred for 30 min. Saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (5 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL) were added. At rt the phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc

 $(3 \times 5 \text{ mL})$. The unified organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 40:1 to 30:1) product **22** (154 mg, 0.401 mmol, 76%) was obtained as colorless oil. – $R_{\rm f}$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) = 0.31. $- [\alpha]_D^{22} = -8.1$ (c = 1.9, CHCl₃). $- [\alpha]_D^{22} = -18.0$ (c = 2.6, CHCl₃). $- {}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.19 (s, 1H, OH), 4.24 (dq, J = 0.6, 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.13 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHC_qCOOEt), 1.84 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.77 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.60 (td, J = 3.4, 14.1 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_aCHH), 1.50 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.46 (s, 3H, CH₃C_aOTBS), 1.42 (m, 2H, TBSOC_aCH₂CH₂), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.94 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 0.92 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.86 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.21 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.14 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). $-^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 176.3 (1C, C_qOOEt), 120.3 (1C, CN), 76.2 (1C, C_qCN), 74.7 (1C, TBSOC_q), 61.7 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 49.2 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 39.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 33.0 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 29.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.9 (3C, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 24.8 (1C, CH₃C_aOTBS), 21.0 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.3 (1C, SiC_a), 18.1 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂CH₂), 15.5 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.1 (1C, CH₃CH₂), -2.0 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.4 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). – IR (ATR): \tilde{v} = 3425 (br, w), 2957 (w), 2933 (w), 2889 (w), 2859 (w), 1702 (m), 1467 (w), 1375 (w), 1332 (w), 1256 (m), 1147 (m), 1093 (m), 1065 (w), 1043 (m), 976 (w), 943 (w), 902 (w), 836 (s), 775 (s), 721 (w), 684 (w), 656 (w), 594 (w), 542 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 228 (2.29). – MS (GC-MS, EI): m/z (%) = 326 (14) [M−HCN−C₂H₆]⁺, 299 (74), 253 (19), 225 (76), 211 (14), 185 (27), 151 (29), 115 (26), 75 (100), 59 (14). - HREIMS: calcd for $C_{17}H_{30}O_4Si [M-C_4H_9]^+$: 326.17821, found 326.17640.

Ethyl (1*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-oxocyclohexane-1carboxylate (23)



To a solution of cyanohydrin **22** (921 mg, 2.382 mmol) in Et₂O (45 mL) was added 1 \bowtie NaOH (3.7 mL, 3.700 mmol) under vigorous stirring. H₂O (35 mL) was added and it was extracted with Et₂O (4×40 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with H₂O (2 × 100 mL) and brine (100 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed in vacuo and ketoester **23** (849 mg, 2.381 mmol, 100%) was obtained as colorless oil. – $R_{\rm f}$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc,

20:1) = 0.31. $- [\alpha]_{D}^{22} = -42.1$ (*c* = 2.0, CHCl₃). $-^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 4.26 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 3.96 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H, CHC_qCOOEt), 2.06 (m, 1H, CH₃)₂CHCH), 2.04 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.80 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CHH), 1.71 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.47 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CHH), 1.45 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.30 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOTBS), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.92 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 0.86 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.11 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.05 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). $-^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 207.3 (1C, TBSOC_qC_q=O), 170.1 (1C, C_qOOEt), 77.4 (1C, TBSOC_q), 60.6 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 57.4 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 47.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 41.0 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 29.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 25.9 (3C, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 23.7 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 21.2 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -3.4 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). - IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2957 (w), 2934 (w), 2859 (w), 1747 (m), 1720 (m), 1467 (w), 1371 (w), 1330 (w), 1254 (m), 1216 (w), 1174 (w), 1142 (m), 1085 (m), 1015 (m), 987 (w), 946 (w), 833 (s), 775 (s), 725 (w), 673 (w), 637 (w), 540 (w) cm⁻¹. - UV/vis (CH₂Cl₂): λ_{max} (lg ε) = 226 (2.40), 251 (2.44) nm. - MS (GC-MS, EI): *m/z* (%) = 341 (2) [M–CH₃]⁺, 299 (99), 271 (40), 253 (23), 225 (97), 211 (14), 185 (42), 151 (33), 129 (17), 115 (24), 59 (14), 75 (98), 73 (100). - HREIMS: calcd for C₁₉H₃₆O₄Si [M–CH₃]⁺: 341.21426, found 341.21189.

Ethyl (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-((*Z*)-3-methyl-6-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hex-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (24)



Under argon at -25 °C *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 2.3 mL, 3.693 mmol) was added to a solution of alkyne **12** (634 mg, 3.517 mmol) in THF (20 mL) and it was stirred for 10 min. It was cooled to -78 °C and a solution of ketoester **23** (1.505 g, 4.221 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added dropwise over 2 h, followed by stirring for 10 min. H₂O (40 mL) and EtOAc (50 mL) were added, phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The unified

organic phases were washed with brine (1 × 50 mL) dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product **24** (1.189 g, 2.215 mmol, 63%, 77% based on recovered alkyne **12**) was obtained as colorless oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.29. – $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -32.7$ (c = 2.8, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 5.66$ (qt, J = 1.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 4.21 (qd, J = 7.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 4.14 (qd, J = 7.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 3.92 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂O), 2.89 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHC_qCOOEt), 2.61 (s, 1H, OH), 2.37 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.97 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.87 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.84 (dd, J = 1.2, 2.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.71 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHC), 1.70 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.70 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.93 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 0.91 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCOCH₂OL₃), 0.80 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 137.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 117.7 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 109.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 91.3 (1C, HOC_qC_qC_q), 87.2 (1C, HOC_qC_qC_q), 78.4 (1C, TBSOC_q), 76.7 (1C, C_q OH), 60.0 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 54.3 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 64.6 (1C, OCH₂CH₂O), 28.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 26.1 (3C,

SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 25.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 24.4 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 23.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 22.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.5 (1C, SiC_q), 18.3 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 15.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.3 (1C, CH₃CH₂), -1.9 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.5 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). – IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ = 3454 (br, w), 2954 (s), 2883 (m), 1736 (m), 1467 (w), 1373 (w), 1251 (m), 1147 (m), 1093 (m), 1053 (s), 834 (s), 776 (m) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): 232 (4.13) nm. – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₃₀H₅₂NaO₆Si [M+Na]⁺: 559.34254, found 559.34266.

(1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-((*Z*)-3-methyl-7oxooct-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexane-1-carbaldehyde (25)



Under argon at -78 °C DIBAL-H (1.2 M in toluene, 3.0 mL, 3.600 mmol) was added to a solution of **24** (868 mg, 1.617 mmol) in DCM (25 mL). It was warmed to rt within 1 h and stirred for 14 h. H₂O (2 mL) and Na₂SO₄ (6 g) were added and it was stirred for 30 min. After filtration over Celite the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in DMSO (3 mL, argon atmosphere) and IBX (588 mg, 2.102 mmol) was added. After 2 h at rt H₂O (3 mL) was added, and after 30

min it was filtered over Celite. Phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with TBME (3 × 10 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with H_2O (2 × 5 mL) and brine (1 × 5 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered. The solvent was removed in vacuo and a solution of the crude product in THF (15 mL) was treated with 1 M HCl (12.2 mL, 24.4 mmol) for 14 h at rt. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL) was added and it was extracted with EtOAc (4 \times 20 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with H_2O (2 × 30 mL) and brine (30 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product 25 (511 mg, 1.139 mmol, 71%) was obtained as yellowish oil. - R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.59. $- \left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{21} = -3.9$ (c = 1.3, CHCl₃). $- {}^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 9.83$ (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H, CHO), 5.71 (qd, J = 1.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H, C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 2.59 (overlapping, 1H, OH), 2.57 (dd, J = 5.4, 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHCHO), 2.51 (m, 2H, O=C_aCH₂CH₂), 2.48 (m, 2H, O=C_aCH₂CH₂), 2.14 (s, 3H, CH₃C_a=O), 2.06 (ddt, J = 3.0, 4.5, 11.8 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.84 (dd, J = 1.0, 2.3 Hz, 3H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 1.81 (m, 2H, TBSOC₀CH₂), 1.64 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.46 (s, 3H, CH₃C₀OTBS), 1.44 (m, 2H, TBSOC₀CH₂CH₂), 0.94 $(d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.92 (s, 9H, SiC_0(CH_3)_3), 0.79 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.17 (s, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3))$ CH₃SiCH₃), 0.16 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 207.8 (1C, C_q=O), 205.3 (1C, CHO), 136.9 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 118.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 90.8 (1C, HOC_aC_aC_a), 88.5 (1C, HOC_aC_aC_a), 78.0 (1C, TBSOC_a), 75.5 (1C, C_aOH), 59.4 (1C, CHCHO), 42.8 (1C, O=C_aCH₂CH₂), 40.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 35.9 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂), 29.9 (1C, CH₃C_a=O), 28.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 26.1 (3C, SiC_a(CH₃)₃), 25.1 (1C, O=C₀CH₂CH₂), 24.1 (1C, CH₃C₀OTBS), 22.8 (1C, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 21.1 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.5 (1C, SiC₀), 18.3 (1C, TBSOC₀CH₂CH₂), 15.7 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), -1.9 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.5 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). – IR (ATR): $\tilde{
u}$ = 3551 (br, w), 2954 (m), 2934 (m), 1736 (s), 1467 (w), 1373 (m), 1251 (m), 1201 (m), 1147 (s), 1093 (s), 1053 (s), 834 (s), 776 (s) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): 231 (3.34), 270 (2.77) nm. – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₂₆H₄₄NaO₄Si [M+Na]⁺: 471.29011, found 471.29039.

(1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-((*Z*)-3-methyl-7-oxooct-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)-2-((trimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclohexane-1-carbaldehyde (26)



Under argon 2,6-lutidine (23 μ L, 0.200 mmol) was added to a solution of alcohol **25** (45 mg, 0.100 mmol) in DCM (2 mL). TMSOTf (36 μ L, 0.200 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. After 30 min, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) was added, followed by phase separation and extraction of the aqueous phase with DCM (3 × 10 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with brine (1 × 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1

nach 10:1) product **26** (35 mg, 67.191 µmol, 67%) was obtained as yellowish oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) = 0.23. – $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ = +1.1 (c = 1.4, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.75 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H, CHO), 5.72 (m, 1H, $C_qCHCH_2CH_2$), 2.82 (dd, J = 5.4, 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHCHO), 2.50 (m, 2H, $O=C_qCH_2CH_2$), 2.49 (m, 2H, $O=C_qCH_2CH_2$), 2.14 (s, 3H, $CH_3C_q=O$), 2.04 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.85 (s, 3H, $CH_3C_qCHCH_2CH_2$), 1.84 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.62 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.53 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 1.84 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 1.36 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 1.34 (s, 3H, CH_3C_qOTBS), 0.91 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.88 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 0.77 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.15 (s, 9H, Si(CH₃)₃), 0.12 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.10 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 207.4 (1C, $C_q=O$), 205.9 (1C, CHO), 136.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 118.3 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 93.0 (1C, TMSOC_qC_qC_q), 89.8 (1C, TMSOC_qC_qC_q), 77.8 (1C, TBSOC_q), 77.1 (1C, C_qOTMS), 59.1 (1C, CHCHO), 43.0 (1C, $O=C_qCH_2CH_2$), 40.4 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 37.2 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 29.9 (1C, $CH_3C_qCHCH_2CH_2$), 21.2 (1C, CH_3CHCH_3), 18.6 (1C, SiC_q), 18.0 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 15.5 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.4 (3C, Si(CH₃)₃), -2.0 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.2 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₂₉H₅₂NaO₄Si₂ [M+Na]⁺: 543.32963, found 543.32962.

(1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-((*Z*)-7-hydroxy-3-methyloct-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)-6isopropyl-3-methyl-2-((trimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclohexane-1-carbaldehyde (27)



Under argon zinc powder (73 mg, 1.109 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of TiCl₄ (1.0 M in DCM, 550 μ L, 0.550 mmol) in THF (12 mL) at 0 °C. After 10 min at rt pyridine (46 μ L, 0.570 mmol) was added. Over 2.5 h, a solution of ketoaldehyde **26** (15 mg, 28.796 μ mol) in THF (2.5 mL) was added dropwise, followed by stirring at 60 °C for 12 h. Aqueous K₂CO₃ (15 mL, 10%) was added and it was extracted with

EtOAc (4×20 mL). The unified organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product **27** (6.1 mg, 11.665 µmol, 40%, 55% brsm) was obtained as colorless oil as mixture of diastereomers (**27a/27b**, 1:1). – $R_{\rm f}$ (**27a**, **27b**, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.20. – ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃, **27a**): δ = 9.77 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H, CHO), 5.75 (m, 1H, C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 3.81 (m, 1H, CHOH), 2.84 (ddd, *J* = 2.3, 5.9, 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHCHO), 2.35 (m, 1H, OHCHCH₂CH₂), 2.06 (dddd, J = 3.6, 3.6, 12.5, 12.5 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.87 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 1.84 (dd, J = 4.2, 13.6 Hz, 1H, TBSOC₀CHH), 1.62 (m, 1H, TBSOC₀CH*H*), 1.55 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.54 (m, 1H, OHCHCH₂CH₂), 1.51 (m, 1H, TBSOC₀CH₂C*H*H), 1.36 (m, 1H, TBSOC_oCH₂CHH), 1.35 (s, 3H, CH₃C_oOTBS), 1.21 (s, 3H, OHCHCH₃), 0.91 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.89 (s, 9H, SiC₀(CH_3)₃), 0.77 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.15 (s, 9H, Si(CH_3)₃), 0.13 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.10 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃, **27a**): δ = 206.2 (1C, CHO), 138.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 117.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 92.5 (1C, TMSOC_aC_aC_a), 90.1 (1C, TMSOC_aC_aC_a), 77.8 (1C, TBSOC_a), 77.2 (1C, C_qOTMS), 67.6 (1C, CHOH), 59.1 (1C, CHCHO), 40.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 38.6 (1C, HOCHCH₂), 37.2 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂), 28.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 27.4 (1C, HOCHCH₂CH₂), 26.0 (3C, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 24.5 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 23.5 (1C, CH₃CHOH), 22.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.2 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.6 (1C, SiC_a), 17.9 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂CH₂), 15.5 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.4 (3C, Si(CH₃)₃), -2.0 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.2 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). - ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃, **27b**): δ = 9.77 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H, CHO), 5.75 (m, 1H, C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 3.81 (m, 1H, CHOH), 2.84 (ddd, J = 2.3, 5.9, 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHCHO), 2.35 (m, 1H, OHCHCH₂CH₂), 2.06 (dddd, J = 3.6, 3.6, 12.5, 12.5 Hz, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.87 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 1.84 (dd, J = 4.2, 13.6 Hz, 1H, TBSOC₀CHH), 1.62 (m, 1H, TBSOC₀CHH), 1.55 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.54 (m, 1H, OHCHCH₂CH₂), 1.51 (m, 1H, TBSOC₀CH₂CHH), 1.36 (m, 1H, TBSOC_aCH₂CHH), 1.35 (s, 3H, CH₃C_aOTBS), 1.20 (s, 3H, OHCHCH₃), 0.91 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.89 (s, 9H, SiC_a(CH₃)₃), 0.77 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.15 (s, 9H, Si(CH₃)₃), 0.13 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.10 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃, **27b**): δ = 206.2 (1C, CHO), 138.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 117.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 92.5 (1C, TMSOC_aC_aC_a), 90.1 (1C, TMSOC_aC_aC_a), 77.8 (1C, TBSOC_a), 77.2 (1C, C_aOTMS), 67.6 (1C, CHOH), 59.1 (1C, CHCHO), 40.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 36.6 (1C, HOCHCH₂), 37.2 (1C, TBSOC₀CH₂), 28.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 27.4 (1C, HOCHCH₂CH₂), 26.0 (3C, SiC₀(CH₃)₃), 24.5 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 23.5 (1C, CH₃CHOH), 22.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.2 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.6 (1C, SiC_a), 17.9 (1C, TBSOC_aCH₂CH₂), 15.5 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.4 (3C, Si(CH₃)₃), -2.0 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.2 (1C, CH_3SiCH_3). – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for $C_{29}H_{54}NaO_4Si_2$ [M+Na]⁺: 545.34528, found 545.34568.

Ethyl (1*R*,2*S*,3*R*,6*R*)-2-cyano-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methoxy-3-methylcyclohexane-1-carboxylate (29) and ethyl (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-2-cyano-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methoxy-3-methylcyclohexane-1-carboxylate (30)



Under argon at -78 °C NaHMDS (1.0 M in THF, 7.50 mL, 7.500 mmol) was added to a solution of ketone **28** (1.383 g, 7.505 mmol) in THF (30 mL). After warming to 0 °C over 30 min CNCOOEt (2.2 mL, 22.515 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C, followed by 30 min of stirring. Saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (30 mL) and EtOAc (40 mL) were added. At rt the phases were separated and the aqueous

phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 30 mL). The unified organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1 to 5:1) diastereomer **29** (1.040 g, 3.670 mmol, 49%) was obtained as colorless oil and **30** (610 mg, 2.153 g, 29%) als crystalline colorless solid. – R_f (**29**, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.62. –

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ (29) = -20.1 (c = 0.7, MeOH). - ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 29): δ = 5.25 (s, 1H, OH), 4.32 (qd, J = 7.2, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 4.25 (qd, J = 7.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 3.24 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.16 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHC_aCOOEt), 1.84 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.83 (m, 1H, MeOC_aCHH), 1.60 (m, 1H, MeOC₀CHH), 1.50 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.38 (m, 1H, MeOC₀CH₂CHH), 1.36 (s, 3H, CH₃C₀OMe), 1.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 1.23 (m, 1H, MeOC_aCH₂CHH), 0.92 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.86 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃). - ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃, **29**): $\delta = 176.4$ (1C, C₀OOEt), 120.1 (1C, CN), 76.1 (1C, C_qCN), 75.2 (1C, MeOC_q), 61.7 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 49.2 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 39.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.1 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 26.7 (1C, MeOC_oCH₂), 21.1 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.8 (1C, CH₃C_oOMe), 18.0 (1C, $MeOC_{q}CH_{2}CH_{2}$), 15.5 (1C, $CH_{3}CHCH_{3}$), 14.1 (1C, $CH_{3}CH_{2}$). – IR (ATR, **29**): \tilde{V} = 3421 (br, w), 2958 (m), 1751 (w), 1700 (s), 1464 (m), 1374 (m), 1333 (m), 1189 (s),1110 (m), 1091 (s), 1017 (s), 870 (m) cm⁻¹. - UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂, **29**): 229 (2.16), 309 (1.88) nm. - HRESI(+)MS (**29**): calcd for C₁₅H₂₅NNaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 306.16758, found 306.16774. - R_f (**30**, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.22. - mp.161-162 °C. - $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ (**30**) = -3.1 (*c* = 1.1, MeOH). - ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, **30**): δ = 4.29 (qd, *J* = 7.2, 11.0 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 4.21 (qd, J = 7.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 3.25 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.00 (s, 1H, OH), 2.95 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHC₀COOEt), 2.07 (ddd, J = 3.3, 3.3, 15.4 Hz, 1H, MeOC₀CHH), 1.92 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.66 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.64 (m, 1H, MeOC_aCHH), 1.46 (ddd, J = 3.3, 6.4, 12.4 Hz, 1H, MeOC_aCH₂CHH), 1.43 (s, 3H, CH_3C_qOMe), 1.30 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH_3CH_2), 1.16 (ddd, J = 3.9, 13.4, 26.3 Hz, 1H, $MeOC_{0}CH_{2}CHH$), 0.94 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, $CH_{3}CHCH_{3}$), 0.83 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, $CH_{3}CHCH_{3}$). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃, **30**): δ = 171.2 (1C, C₀OOEt), 118.0 (1C, CN), 77.7 (1C, C₀CN), 77.6 (1C, MeOC₀), 60.9 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 53.1 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 42.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 29.7 (1C, MeOC_qCH₂), 28.9 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 21.1 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.4 (1C, CH₃C_qOMe), 18.3 (1C, MeOC_qCH₂CH₂), 15.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.1 (1C, CH_3CH_2). – IR (ATR, **30**): \tilde{v} = 3421 (w), 2958 (m), 1751 (w), 1700 (s), 1464 (w), 1374 (m), 1333 (m), 1189 (s),1110 (m), 1091 (m), 1017 (s), 870 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂, **30**): 230 (2.39) nm. – HRESI(+)MS (**30**): calcd for C₁₅H₂₅NNaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 306.16758, found 306.16759.

(2R,5S)-5-Isopropyl-2-methoxy-2-methylcyclohexan-1-one (28)



A suspension of PtO_2 (7 mg, 0.031 mmol) in a solution of diol **20** (520 mg, 3.054 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) was stirred under an H₂ atmosphere (balloon) for 3 h. It was filtered over Celite and the solvent was removed. The crude product was dissolved in EtOAc, followed by addition of IBX (1.112 g, 3.970 mmol) and refluxing (5 h). After cooling to rt the suspension was filtered of a pad of silica and the solvent was removed. Under argon the crude product was dissolved in CH₃CN (20 mL) and MeI (6.4 mL, 102.795 mmol) and Ag₂O (6.4 mL, 11.014 mmol) were added,

followed stirring at 40 °C for 17 h. It was filtered over Celite and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product **28** (540 mg, 2.930 mmol, 96%) was obtained as colorless oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.65. – $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -21.2$ (c = 2.7, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.14$ (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.51 (dd, J = 12.6, 12.6 Hz, 1H, CHHC_q=O), 2.25 (ddd, J = 2.1, 3.5, 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHHC_q=O), 2.13 (ddd, J = 2.7, 3.7, 14.3 Hz, 1H, MeOC_qCHH), 1.75 (m, 1H, MeOC_qCH₂CHH), 1.57 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.53 (m, 1H, MeOC_qCH₂CHH), 1.50 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.43 (ddd, J = 4.1, 13.4, 14.2 Hz, 1H, MeOC_qCHH), 1.19 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qC_q=O), 0.91 (d,

 $J = 6.7 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, CH_3\text{CHCH}_3), 0.90 \text{ (d, } J = 6.7 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, CH_3\text{CHCH}_3). - {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} (100 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3): \delta = 213.6 (1C, C_q=O), 79.9 (1C, MeOC_q), 51.0 (1C, CH_3OC_q), 46.9 (1C, (CH_3)_2\text{CHCH}), 42.1 (1C, CH_2C_q=O), 39.6 (1C, MeOC_qCH_2), 32.8 (1C, (CH_3)_2\text{CH}), 23.8 (1C, MeOC_qCH_2CH_2), 19.7 (1C, CH_3\text{CHCH}_3), 19.4 (1C, CH_3\text{CHCH}_3), 17.6 (1C, CH_3C_qOMe). - IR (ATR): <math>\tilde{V} = 2957 \text{ (m)}, 2874 \text{ (w)}, 1716 \text{ (s)}, 1463 \text{ (w)}, 1371 \text{ (w)}, 1175 \text{ (w)}, 1083 \text{ (s)}, 1059 \text{ (m)}, 696 \text{ (w) cm}^{-1}. - UV/\text{Vis} (CH_2\text{Cl}_2): \lambda_{max} (\text{Ig } \varepsilon) = 229 (1.97), 309 (1.70) \text{ nm.} - \text{MS} (\text{GC-MS}, \text{EI}): m/z \text{ (\%)} = 184 (22) [M]^+, 140 (36), 113 (64), 85 (100), 81 (22), 72 (41), 55 (24). - HREIMS: calcd for C_{11}H_{20}O_2 [M]^{+}: 184.14578, found 184.14508.$

Ethyl (1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,6*R*)-3-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-hydroxy-6-isopropyl-3-methyl-2-((*E*)-3-methyl-6-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hex-3-en-1-yn-1-yl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (31)



Under argon at -25 °C, *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 347 μ L, 0.555 mmol) was added to a solution of (*E*)-2-methyl-2-(4-methylhex-3-en-5-yn-1-yl)-1,3-dioxolane (100 mg, 0.555 mmol) in THF (3 mL). After 10 min, it was cooled to -78 °C and a solution of ketoester **23** (218 mg, 0.611 mmol) in THF (4.5 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 2 h. H₂O (10 mL) and EtOAc (12 mL) were added, the phases separated and the aqueous phase

extracted with EtOAc (3 \times 10 mL). The unified organic phases were with washed with brine (1 \times 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) product 31 (193 mg, 0.360 mmol, 65%, 74% based on reisolated alkyne) was obtained as colorless oil. $-R_f$ (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.40. - $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +21.9 (c = 2.9, CHCl_{3}). - {}^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_{3}): \delta = 5.86 (qt, J = 1.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H, 1H)$ CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 4.07 (qd, J = 7.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 4.20 (qd, J = 7.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, CHHCH₃), 3.94 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂O), 2.87 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHC_aCOOEt), 2.54 (s, 1H, OH), 2.18 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.93 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.82 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.80 (m, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.70 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.69 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.69 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.45 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOTBS), 1.38 (m, 2H, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 1.32 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, $CH_{3}CH_{2}$), 0.93 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH_{3})₃), 0.91 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, $CH_{3}CHCH_{3}$), 0.80 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.16 (s, 6H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 172.3 (1C, C₀OOEt), 137.6 (1C, $CH_{3}C_{q}CHCH_{2}CH_{2}$), 117.6 (1C, $CH_{3}C_{q}CHCH_{2}CH_{2}$), 109.6 (1C, $CH_{3}C_{q}COCH_{2}CH_{2}O$), 90.8 (1C, $HOC_{q}C_{q}C_{q}$), 83.9 (1C, HOC_aC_aC_a), 78.5 (1C, C_aOH), 76.5 (1C, TBSOC_a), 60.0 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 54.4 (1C, CHC_aOOEt), 64.7 (2C, OCH₂CH₂O), 42.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 38.1 (1C, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 35.9 (1C, TBSOC₀CH₂), 28.8 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 26.1 (3C, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 24.4 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 23.1 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 23.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 21.4 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.5 (1C, SiC_q), 18.3 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 17.0 (1C, CH₃C₀CHCH₂CH₂), 15.8 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.3 (1C, CH₃CH₂), -1.9 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -2.5 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). -IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 3456 (br, w), 2954 (s), 2883 (m), 1734 (m), 1467 (w), 1372 (m), 1250 (m), 1146 (m), 1094 (m), 1048 (s), 833 (s), 775 (m) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): 230 (3.45) nm. – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₃₀H₅₂NaO₆Si [M+Na]⁺: 559.34254, found 559.34246.

Allene 32



Under argon at 0 °C, thionyl chloride (13.5 μ L, 0.186 mmol) was added to a solution of **31** (10 mg, 18.628 μ mol) in pyridine (1 mL). Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and EtOAc (10 mL) were added, the phases separated and the aqueous phase extracted with EtOAc (3 × 10 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with brine (1 × 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the

solvent was removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) product 32 (8 mg, 15.420 μ mol, 83%) was obtained as colorless oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 5:1) = 0.61. $- \left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = -6.0 \ (c = 0.67, \ CHCl_{3}). - {}^{1}H \ NMR \ (400 \ MHz, \ CDCl_{3}): \delta = 5.92 \ (qd, \ J = 1.1, \ 7.4 \ Hz, \ 1H, \ J = 1.1, \ J$ C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 4.08 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.95 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂O), 3.48 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, CHC_aCOOEt), 2.25 (m, 2H, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 1.93 (td, J = 3.2, 13.2 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_aCHH), 1.79 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 1.75 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CH), 1.75 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.71 (dd, J = 0.8, 1.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.65 (dddd, J = 3.6, 13.0, 13.0, 13.1 Hz, 1H, TBSOC₀CH₂CHH), 1.49 (dddd, J = 3.5, 3.5, 3.5, 13.2 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂CHH), 1.37 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.34 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 1.32 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOTBS), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH_3CH_2), 0.93 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH_3CHCH_3), 0.92 (s, 9H, $SiC_0(CH_3)_3$), 0.82 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.20 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.11 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). – ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 194.3 (1C, C_qC_qC_qCl), 172.4 (1C, C_qOOEt), 129.3 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 127.8 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 117.5 (1C, C_aC_aC_aCl), 110.9 (1C, C_aC_aC_aCl), 109.7 (1C, CH₃C_aCOCH₂CH₂O), 72.6 (1C, TBSOC_a), 64.7 (1C, OCH2CH2O), 64.7 (1C, OCH2CH2O), 60.4 (1C, CH2CH3), 48.7 (1C, CHCqOOEt), 44.9 (1C, (CH3)2CHCH), 42.0 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 38.5 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 29.3 (1C, (CH₃)₂CH), 28.8 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 26.0 (3C, SiC_a(CH₃)₃), 23.9 (1C, CH₃C_aCOCH₂CH₂O), 23.4 (1C, CH₃C_aCHCH₂CH₂), 21.3 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.6 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 18.3 (1C, SiC_q), 15.9 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 14.0 (1C, CH_3CH_2), -2.0 (1C, CH_3SiCH_3), -3.3 (1C, CH_3SiCH_3). – IR (ATR): \tilde{v} = 2956 (m), 1736 (m), 1467 (w), 1374 (w), 1252 (m), 1016 (m), 983 (m), 834 (s), 775 (s), 690 (w) cm⁻¹. – UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): 233 (3.91), 275 (3.27), 320 (2.89) nm. – HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₃₀H₅₁ClNaO₅Si [M+Na]⁺: 577.30865, found 577.30877.



Allene 34

Under argon at 0 °C, Tf₂O (14 μ L, 81.964 mmol) was added to a solution of **31** (22 mg, 40.982 μ mol) in pyridine (1.5 mL). It was warmed to 70 °C and stirred for 20 min. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL) were added, the phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 5 mL). The unified organic phases were washed with brine (1 × 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent

removed. After column chromatography (silica, petroleum ether/EtOAc, 20:1) product **34** (17 mg, 26.038 µmol, 64%) was obtained as colorless oil. – R_f (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 10:1) = 0.54. – $[\alpha]_D^{23} = -2.8$ (c = 1.7, CHCl₃). – ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 6.06$ (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 4.11 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 3.95 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂O), 3.54 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHC_qCOOEt), 2.25 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 1.97 (td, J = 2.8, 12.9 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_qCHH), 1.87 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂),

1.78 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂CHC*H*), 1.74 (m, 2H, CH₃C_qCHCH₂C*H*₂), 1.71 (m, 1H, (CH₃)₂C*H*), 1.71 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂C*H*H), 1.53 (ddd, *J* = 2.9, 5.9, 9.7 Hz, 1H, TBSOC_qCH₂C*H*H), 1.43 (m, 1H, TBSOC_qCH*H*), 1.38 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOTBS), 1.33 (s, 3H, CH₃C_qOCOH₂CH₂O), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃CH₂), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃C_qOTBS), 0.91 (s, 9H, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 0.86 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.18 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃), 0.13 (s, 3H, CH₃SiCH₃). - ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 203.7 (1C, C_qC_qC_qTf), 171.5 (1C, C_qOOEt), 134.5 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 123.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 120.1 (q, 1C, *J*(¹⁹F,¹³C) = 328.8 Hz, CF₃), 119.5 (1C, C_qC_qC_qTf), 113.5 (1C, C_qC_qC_qTf), 109.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 72.6 (1C, TBSOC_q), 64.7 (2C, OCH₂CH₂O), 60.7 (1C, CH₂CH₃), 48.1 (1C, CHC_qOOEt), 46.2 (1C, (CH₃)₂CHCH), 42.3 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂), 38.1 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 23.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 21.2 (1C, CH₃C_qOTBS), 25.9 (3C, SiC_q(CH₃)₃), 23.9 (1C, CH₃C_qCOCH₂CH₂O), 23.6 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 15.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 18.7 (1C, TBSOC_qCH₂CH₂), 18.3 (1C, SiC_q), 16.4 (1C, CH₃C_qCHCH₂CH₂), 15.6 (1C, CH₃CHCH₃), 14.0 (1C, CH₃CH₂CH₂), -2.3 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃), -3.5 (1C, CH₃SiCH₃). - IR (ATR): \tilde{V} = 2933 (w), 1737 (m), 1360 (m),1205 (s), 1121 (s),1020 (m), 836 (m), 778 (m) cm⁻¹. - UV/Vis (CH₂Cl₂): 227 (3.91), 262 (3.92), 356 (2.42) nm. - HRESI(+)MS: calcd for C₃₁H₅₁F₃NaO₇SSi [M+Na]⁺: 675.29691, found 675.29721.

X-ray analysis of 30



Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement.

Identification code	frett		
Empirical formula	$C_{15}H_{25}NO_4$		
Formula weight	283.36		
Temperature	101(2) K		
Wavelength	1.54184 Å		
Crystal system	Monoclinic		
Space group	P2 ₁		
Unit cell dimensions	<i>a</i> = 7.59870(16) Å	α = 90°	
	<i>b</i> = 11.4650(3) Å	β = 108.479(3)°	
	<i>c</i> = 9.1080(2) Å	γ = 90°	
Volume	752.57(3) Å ³		
Z	2		
Density (calculated)	1.250 Mg/m ³		
Absorption coefficient	0.732 mm ⁻¹		
F(000)	308		
Crystal size	0.20 x 0.20 x 0.05 mm ³		
Theta range for data collection	5.12 to 76.15°		
Index ranges	-9<=h<=9, -14<=k<=12, -11<=l<=11		
Reflections collected	15535		
Independent reflections	2914 [R(int) = 0.0302]		
Completeness to theta = 75.00°	99.9 %		
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents		
Max. and min. transmission	1.00000 and 0.77877		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²		
Data / restraints / parameters	2914 / 1 / 190		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.040		
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0284, wR2 = 0.0752		
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0286, wR2 = 0.0755		
Absolute structure parameter	0.00(13)		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.270 and -0.151 e.Å ⁻³		

	x	У	Z	U(eq)
C(1)	2734.5(15)	1874.0(11)	739.7(13)	22.2(2)
C(2)	4848.3(16)	2165.3(11)	1211.1(13)	20.1(2)
C(3)	5567.2(15)	2548.0(11)	2930.7(12)	19.2(2)
C(4)	5267.4(15)	1589.7(11)	4015.6(13)	19.8(2)
C(5)	3180.7(15)	1344.5(12)	3563.2(13)	22.7(2)
C(6)	2378.9(16)	978.0(12)	1865.1(13)	23.7(3)
C(7)	2031.3(17)	1426.5(13)	-926.8(14)	28.3(3)
C(8)	6182.9(16)	1893.1(12)	5747.7(13)	22.5(2)
C(9)	5327.4(19)	2955.5(13)	6270.2(14)	31.1(3)
C(10)	6160.5(18)	842.1(13)	6774.6(14)	27.3(3)
C(11)	24.6(17)	3125.7(15)	253.8(15)	32.0(3)
C(12)	5848.8(16)	1113.8(11)	949.1(12)	22.2(2)
C(13)	7593.6(15)	2877.2(11)	3354.3(12)	20.4(2)
C(14)	9761.5(18)	4409.3(12)	4324.0(16)	28.3(3)
C(15)	10587.8(17)	4089.9(14)	6011.5(15)	30.6(3)
O(1)	5214.3(12)	3045.3(8)	249.9(9)	23.9(2)
O(2)	1979.9(11)	2991.4(8)	904.6(10)	25.3(2)
O(3)	8829.1(12)	2207.9(9)	3388.1(10)	26.7(2)
O(4)	7847.8(11)	4014.8(8)	3730.0(10)	24.3(2)
N(1)	6542.1(15)	285.2(11)	693.2(12)	28.4(2)

Table 2. Atomic coordinates ($x \ 10^4$) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²x 10³). U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°].

C(1)-O(2)	1.4308(15)	C(4)-C(8)	1.5486(15)
C(1)-C(7)	1.5292(16)	C(5)-C(6)	1.5306(15)
C(1)-C(6)	1.5344(16)	C(8)-C(9)	1.5261(19)
C(1)-C(2)	1.5616(15)	C(8)-C(10)	1.5288(18)
C(2)-O(1)	1.4199(14)	C(11)-O(2)	1.4228(14)
C(2)-C(12)	1.4844(17)	C(12)-N(1)	1.1455(17)
C(2)-C(3)	1.5496(14)	C(13)-O(3)	1.2053(15)
C(3)-C(13)	1.5119(15)	C(13)-O(4)	1.3467(16)
C(3)-C(4)	1.5421(15)	C(14)-O(4)	1.4537(14)
C(4)-C(5)	1.5326(14)	C(14)-C(15)	1.5096(18)
O(2)-C(1)-C(7)	112.27(10)	C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	109.93(9)
O(2)-C(1)-C(6)	111.59(10)	C(13)-C(3)-C(4)	111.08(9)
C(7)-C(1)-C(6)	111.00(10)	C(13)-C(3)-C(2)	109.44(9)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)	101.02(9)	C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	111.69(9)
C(7)-C(1)-C(2)	110.49(9)	C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	107.99(9)
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)	110.06(9)	C(5)-C(4)-C(8)	114.05(9)
O(1)-C(2)-C(12)	105.52(9)	C(3)-C(4)-C(8)	112.51(9)
O(1)-C(2)-C(3)	110.29(10)	C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	111.63(9)
C(12)-C(2)-C(3)	110.98(9)	C(5)-C(6)-C(1)	113.16(10)
O(1)-C(2)-C(1)	111.59(9)	C(9)-C(8)-C(10)	110.48(10)
C(12)-C(2)-C(1)	108.46(10)	C(9)-C(8)-C(4)	113.50(10)

C(10)-C(8)-C(4)	110.96(10)	O(4)-C(13)-C(3)	111.04(10)
N(1)-C(12)-C(2)	176.64(12)	O(4)-C(14)-C(15)	110.34(10)
O(3)-C(13)-O(4)	124.21(10)	C(11)-O(2)-C(1)	116.97(10)
O(3)-C(13)-C(3)	124.72(12)	C(13)-O(4)-C(14)	116.22(9)

Table 4. Torsion angles [°].

O(2)-C(1)-C(2)-O(1)	-58.39(11)
C(7)-C(1)-C(2)-O(1)	60.62(13)
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)-O(1)	-176.44(10)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)-C(12)	-174.19(9)
C(7)-C(1)-C(2)-C(12)	-55.18(12)
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)-C(12)	67.75(11)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	64.31(11)
C(7)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	-176.68(10)
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	-53.75(13)
O(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(13)	-54.13(13)
C(12)-C(2)-C(3)-C(13)	62.43(13)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(13)	-177.59(10)
O(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	-177.56(9)
C(12)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	-61.00(12)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	58.99(12)
C(13)-C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	177.44(10)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	-60.07(12)
C(13)-C(3)-C(4)-C(8)	50.69(12)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-C(8)	173.19(9)
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	57.63(13)
C(8)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	-176.53(10)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)-C(1)	-56.29(14)
O(2)-C(1)-C(6)-C(5)	-58.06(12)
C(7)-C(1)-C(6)-C(5)	175.88(10)
C(2)-C(1)-C(6)-C(5)	53.24(13)
C(5)-C(4)-C(8)-C(9)	-58.39(14)
C(3)-C(4)-C(8)-C(9)	65.04(12)
C(5)-C(4)-C(8)-C(10)	66.72(13)
C(3)-C(4)-C(8)-C(10)	-169.85(9)
C(4)-C(3)-C(13)-O(3)	58.31(14)
C(2)-C(3)-C(13)-O(3)	-65.47(14)
C(4)-C(3)-C(13)-O(4)	-120.08(10)
C(2)-C(3)-C(13)-O(4)	116.14(10)
C(7)-C(1)-O(2)-C(11)	49.16(13)
C(6)-C(1)-O(2)-C(11)	-76.19(12)
C(2)-C(1)-O(2)-C(11)	166.88(9)
O(3)-C(13)-O(4)-C(14)	-4.96(15)
C(3)-C(13)-O(4)-C(14)	1/3.44(9)
C(15)-C(14)-O(4)-C(13)	-79.73(13)

Table 5. Hydrogen bonds [Å and °].

D-HA	d(D-H)	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)	
O(1)-H(01)O(2)	0.82(2)	2.211(19)	2.7072(12)	119.4(19)	
O(1)-H(01)N(1)#1	0.82(2)	2.21(2)	2.8961(16)	141.4(19)	

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 -x+1,y+1/2,-z

NMR spectra





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