## Supporting Information (SI)

# Asymmetric Synthesis of $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-Aziridines Enabled by Combined Strong Bronsted Acid Catalysis 

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## 1 General information

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ were recorded on Bruker AV 400 MHz instrument at $400 \mathrm{MHz}\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right.$ NMR), $101 \mathrm{MHz}\left({ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\right.$ NMR), as well as $377 \mathrm{MHz}\left({ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\right.$ NMR), or Bruker AV 500 MHz instrument at 500 MHz ( ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR). Chemical shifts were reported in ppm down field from internal $\mathrm{Me}_{4} \mathrm{Si}$ and external $\mathrm{CCl}_{3} \mathrm{~F}$, respectively. Multiplicity was indicated as follows: $s$ (singlet), $d$ (doublet), $t$ (triplet), $q$ (quartet), $m$ (multiplet), dd (doublet of doublet), ddd (doublet of doublet of doublet), tt (triplet of triplet), dt (triplet of doublet), ddt (triplet of doublet of doublet). Coupling constants were reported in Hertz (Hz). MS were recorded on a VG ZABHS spectrometer with the ESI resource. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) spectra were obtained on a Bruker microTOF-QII instrument. Optical rotations were determined using an Autopol IV-T. HPLC analyses were carried out on a HewlettPackard Model HP 1200 instrument. X-ray structural analysis was conducted on a Bruker APEX-II CCD instrument.

Materials: Tetrahydrofuran (THF), diethyl ether ( $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) and toluene (Tol) were distilled from sodium/benzophenone prior to use; $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{DCM})$ and $\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$ (DCE) were distilled from $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}$. MeCN was distilled from $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$; All purchased reagents were used without further purification. Analytical thin layer chromatography was performed on 0.20 mm Qingdao Haiyang silica gel plates. Silica gel (200-300 mesh) (from Qingdao Haiyang Chem. Company, Ltd.) was used for flash chromatography. ((2-diazo-1,1difluoroethyl) sulfonyl) benzene (Ps-DFA) were prepared according to the reported procedure. ${ }^{1}$ Chiral disulfonimide catalysts CDSI-1, CDSI-2, CDSI-3, CDSI-4, CDSI5, CDSI-6 were synthesized according to the known procedures. ${ }^{2}$ 2-borono-4(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid ( $\mathbf{C F}_{3}-\mathbf{C O O H}-\mathbf{B A}$ ) used in this work are known compounds, prepared according to the literature procedures. ${ }^{3} \mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{TMP})_{2}{ }^{4}$ and 2,2-dihydroxy-1-arylethan-1-one ${ }^{5}$ were both prepared according to the literature.

## 2 Experimental Section and HPLC Charts for chiral compounds 4 and 5

### 2.1 Typical procedure I: preparation of racemic Cis-CF 2 -aziridine 4



To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a reflux condenser and an argon balloon at the top of the condenser through a rubber septum was added 2,2-dihydroxy-1-arylethan-1one $\mathbf{1}(0.3 \mathrm{mmol}, 1$ equiv.), 4 -methoxyaniline $\mathbf{2 a}(40.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.33 \mathrm{mmol})$, triphenyl borate $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{OPh})_{3}(8.7 \mathrm{mg}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol})$, anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(200 \mathrm{mg})$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room temperature under argon atmosphere. After reaction for 30 minutes at room temperature, the ((2-diazo-1,1-difluoroethyl)sulfonyl)benzene Ps-DFA 3 ( $104.5 \mathrm{mg}, 77.4 \mathrm{uL}, 0.45$ mmol ) was added with Micro syringe and racemic 1,1'-bi-2-naphthol (BINOL, 8.6 mg , $0.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added dropwise. The reaction was allowed to stir for 24 hours at $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under argon atmosphere until the consumption of substrates was completed (monitored by TLC). The reaction mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ three times. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by neutral alumina column chromatography (eluting with dichloromethane/petroleum ether) to give racemic Cis- $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine 4.

### 2.2 Typical procedure II: preparation of chiral Cis-CF 2 -aziridine 4



To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar was added 2,2-dihydroxy-1-arylethan-1-one $\mathbf{1}$ ( $0.3 \mathrm{mmol}, 1$ equiv.), 4-methoxyaniline $\mathbf{2 a}$ ( $40.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.33 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), 2boronobenzoic acid COOH-BA ( $3.98 \mathrm{mg}, 0.024 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(200 \mathrm{mg})$ and toluene $(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room temperature under argon atmosphere. After reaction for 30 minutes at room temperature, the ((2-diazo-1,1-difluoroethyl)sulfonyl)benzene Ps-DFA 3 ( $104.5 \mathrm{mg}, 77.4 \mathrm{uL}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added with Micro syringe and CDSI-4 ( 12.3 mg , $0.015 \mathrm{mmol})$ in toluene ( 1 mL ) was added dropwise. The reaction was allowed to stir for 24 hours at room temperature under argon atmosphere until the consumption of substrates was completed (monitored by TLC). The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aq. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ and extracted with Ethyl Acetate three times. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by neutral alumina column chromatography (eluting with dichloromethane/petroleum ether) to give Cis-$\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine 4. Enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC analysis.


The Cis-CF $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine 4a was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $85 \mathrm{mg}, 64 \%$ yield, $73 \%$ ee; M.p. $175.8-176.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.3$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=$ $3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 a}$ with $73 \%$ ee ( 85 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.15 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 a}$ with more than $99 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $99 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 a}(40 \%$ yield, $>99 \%$ ee $)$. ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.20-8.05(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.71(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.6,7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.17(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.90-6.81(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.57(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,6.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 190.6,156.7,143.8,135.8,135.5,134.1,132.0$, $130.9,129.5,129.0,128.8,121.2,120.3\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.5,283.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.7,55.6,45.5$, $42.2\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=30.2,20.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR $\left(377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-102.81(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.2$, 5.7 Hz ), $-106.31\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.2,16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 444.1081$, found: 444.1081; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=67.2\left(\right.$ c $\left.1.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right),>99 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{Hexane} / \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer 38.1 min , $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 26.3 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 26.479 | 1173.6 | 21.1 | 0.8439 | 0.762 | 49.265 |
| 2 | 39.296 | 1208.6 | 13.8 | 1.1724 | 0.808 | 50.735 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 26.263 | 85.3 | 1.5 | 0.6986 | 0.868 | 0.178 |
| 2 | 38.134 | 47676 | 561.9 | 1.2956 | 0.52 | 99.822 |

## ((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)(p-tolyl)methanone (4b)



The Cis-CF ${ }_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 b}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $90 \mathrm{mg}, 66 \%$ yield, $66 \%$ ee; M.p. 154.3-154.9 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.2$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 b}$ with $66 \%$ ee ( 90 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.1 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 b}$ with more than $99 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $99 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 b}$ ( $46 \%$ yield, $>99 \%$ ee).
${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.73$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24(\mathrm{t}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.87$ (d, $J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.67 (d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.57 (dt, $J=16.2$, $6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.41(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 190.1,156.7,145.1,143.9$, $135.8,133.0,132.0,130.9,129.4,129.1,121.2,120.3$ (dd, $J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.6,283.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 114.7, $55.6,45.5,42.1\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=30.3,20.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 21.8 .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $-102.84(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.2,4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-106.52(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.1,16.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 458.1238$, found: 458.1237; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=91.4$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), $>99 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, $n-H e x a n e / i-\mathrm{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $48.8 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 30.2 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 31.334 | 9801.6 | 143.4 | 1.048 | 0.715 | 50.756 |
| 2 | 50.232 | 9509.5 | 85.1 | 1.659 | 0.701 | 49.244 |



## ((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)(m-tolyl)methanone (4c)



The Cis-CF $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 c}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $94 \mathrm{mg}, 70 \%$ yield, $69 \%$ ee; M.p. $157.0-158.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.3$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 c}$ with $69 \%$ ee ( 94 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.15 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solid with increased ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solid was more than $99 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solid $\mathbf{4 c}$ ( $35 \%$ yield, $>99 \%$ ee).
${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53$ (t, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.56(\mathrm{dt}, J=$ $16.3,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.37(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 190.5,156.5,143.8$, $138.5,135.7,135.3,134.7,131.8,130.7,129.3,129.1,128.5,126.0,121.0,120.2$ (dd, $\left.J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.6,283.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.5,55.4,45.4,42.0\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=30.4,20.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 21.2{ }^{19}{ }^{19}$ NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-102.66(\mathrm{dt}, J=237.2,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-106.51(\mathrm{dt}, J=237.2,15.9$ Hz ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 458.1238$, found: 458.1237; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=80.8\left(\mathrm{c} 1.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ ), $99 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n -Hexane/i-PrOH $=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $40.4 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 27.1 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 26.584 | 50779.4 | 902.6 | 0.866 | 0.647 | 49.595 |
| 2 | 39.764 | 51609.3 | 560.9 | 1.4171 | 0.546 | 50.405 |



| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Ret.Time (min) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ \text { mAU *S } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height } \\ & (\mathrm{mAU}) \end{aligned}$ | Width <br> (min) | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 27.089 | 136.4 | 2.2 | 0.752 | 0.886 | 0.551 |
| 2 | 40.401 | 24617.7 | 251.7 | 1.4701 | 0.565 | 99.449 |

((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)(4-ethylphenyl)methanone (4d)


The Cis- $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 d}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $75 \mathrm{mg}, 53 \%$ yield, $65 \%$ ee; M.p. $160.8-161.6{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 d}$ with $65 \%$ ee ( 75 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.05 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 d}$ with more than $99 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $99 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 d}$ ( $32 \%$ yield, $>99 \%$ ee).
${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.71$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.17(\mathrm{~m}$, 2H), $6.91-6.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.61-3.51(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.69(\mathrm{q}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.24(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 190.1$, $156.7,151.2,144.0,135.8,133.3,132.1,131.0,129.5,129.2,128.3,121.2,120.3$ (dd, $\left.J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.6,283.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.7,55.7,45.5,42.1\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=30.4,20.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$, 29.1, 15.1. ${ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-102.71(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.2,5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}),-106.61(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.2$, 16.3 Hz ). HRMS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 472.1394$, found: 472.1395; $[\alpha]_{D}{ }^{20}=76.8$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), $99 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n -Hexane $/ \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $44.0 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 30.1 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 30.116 | 8571.6 | 131.4 | 1 | 0.74 | 51.615 |
| 2 | 45.543 | 8035.2 | 79.3 | 1.5426 | 0.727 | 48.385 |



| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Ret.Time (min) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ \text { mAU "S } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height } \\ & (\mathrm{mAU}) \end{aligned}$ | Width <br> (min) | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 30.102 | 908.9 | 10.8 | 1.2291 | 1.282 | 0.434 |
| 2 | 43.998 | 208671.1 | 1725.6 | 1.7894 | 0.374 | 99.566 |

((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)(4-fluorophenyl)methanone (4e)


The Cis-CF ${ }_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 e}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $61 \mathrm{mg}, 44 \%$ yield, $48 \%$ ee; M.p. $150.1-150.8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.4$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $4 \mathbf{e}$ with $48 \%$ ee ( 61 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.05 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 e}$ with more than $90 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $90 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 e}$ ( $27 \%$ yield, $95 \%$ ee determined by HPLC).
${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.23-8.12(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.74(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.90$
$-6.81(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.3,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$.
${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 189.3,166.3\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=254.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 156.9,143.7,135.9$, $132.1,132.0,131.9\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 131.0,129.5,121.2,120.3\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.1\right.$, $284.0 \mathrm{~Hz}), 116.0\left(\mathrm{~d}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=21.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.9,55.7,45.4,42.2\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=29.7,20.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$. ${ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-103.21(\mathrm{tt}, J=8.4,5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-103.35(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.4,6.2$ Hz ), -106.00 (dd, $J=237.4,15.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 462.0987$, found: 462.0980; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=61.6$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), $95 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, $n-H e x a n e / i-\mathrm{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer 31.2 min , $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 22.4 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 22.273 | 12384.4 | 274.8 | 0.6946 | 0.723 | 49.578 |
| 2 | 31.774 | 12595.5 | 180.2 | 1.0574 | 0.645 | 50.422 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 22.423 | 2067.3 | 44.6 | 0.7123 | 0.834 | 2.667 |
| 2 | 31.165 | 75454.7 | 1022.4 | 1.1056 | 0.449 | 97.333 |

## (4-chlorophenyl)((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)methanone (4f)



The Cis-CF ${ }_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 f}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $59 \mathrm{mg}, 41 \%$ yield, $49 \%$ ee; M.p. 134.9-135.8 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.4$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 f}$ with $49 \%$ ee ( 59 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of
isopropanol ( $0.05 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 f}$ with more than $90 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $90 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 f}$ ( $26 \%$ yield, $97 \%$ ee determined by HPLC).
${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.74$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{dt}, J=$ $15.0,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 189.8,156.9,143.6,140.7,136.0$, $133.9,132.0,131.0,130.5,129.6,129.2,121.2,120.3$ (dd, $J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.1,284.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 114.9, 55.7, 45.4, 42.3 (dd, $J_{\text {C-F }}=29.6,20.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). ${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 103.35 (dd, $J=237.4,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-105.87(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.4,15.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{SCl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 478.0691, found: 478.0693; [ $\left.\alpha\right]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=58.4$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), $97 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, $n-H e x a n e / i-\mathrm{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $29.9 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 22.7 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 22.552 | 3533.5 | 74.3 | 0.7295 | 0.751 | 49.357 |
| 2 | 30.857 | 3625.6 | 53.7 | 1.0384 | 0.752 | 50.643 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 22.679 | 2417.5 | 43.1 | 0.8233 | 0.769 | 1.324 |
| 2 | 29.886 | 180194.8 | 2357.7 | 1.1538 | 0.377 | 98.676 |



The $C i s$ - $\mathrm{CF}_{2}$-aziridine $\mathbf{4 g}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $60 \mathrm{mg}, 38 \%$ yield, $35 \%$ ee; M.p. 146.1-146.9 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.4$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 g}$ with $35 \%$ ee ( 60 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol $(0.2 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg})$ with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 g}$ with more than $90 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $90 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 g}(20 \%$ yield, $95 \%$ ee determined by HPLC).
${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.74$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.59(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.1,8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.87(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.1,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 190.0,156.9,143.6,135.9,134.3,132.2,132.0,131.0$, $130.5,129.6,129.5,121.2,120.3\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.1,284.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.9,55.7,45.4,42.3$ $\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=29.7,21.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR $\left(377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-103.34(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.4,6.3$ Hz ), $-105.84\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=237.4,15.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ ). HRMS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{SBr}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 522.0186$, found: $522.0184 ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=53.8\left(\mathrm{c} 1.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right), 95 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n-Hexane/i-PrOH $=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $33.2 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 24.8 min .
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \begin{array}{c}\text { Peak } \\ \#\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Ret.Time } \\ (\mathrm{min})\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Area } \\ \mathrm{mAU}\end{array}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Height } \\ (\mathrm{mAU})\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Width } \\ (\mathrm{min})\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Symmetry } \\ \text { Factor }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Area } \\ (\%)\end{array}\right]$


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24.801 | 1515.9 | 25.5 | 0.892 | 0.756 | 2.577 |
| 2 | 33.247 | 57306.3 | 744.6 | 1.157 | 0.574 | 97.423 |

((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2-yl)(naphthalen-2-yl)methanone (4h)


The Cis-CF 2 -aziridine $\mathbf{4 h}$ was obtained as white solid after neutral alumina column chromatography (petroleum ether/dichloromethane $=2 / 1$ ), $70 \mathrm{mg}, 47 \%$ yield, $50 \%$ ee; M.p. $163.6-164.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.2$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether $=3 / 1$ ); The $\mathbf{4 h}$ with $50 \%$ ee ( 70 mg ) was dissolved in an appropriate amount of isopropanol ( $0.2 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{mg}$ ) with ultrasound for 3 minutes, followed by filtration, and the obtained solution was concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 h}$ with $99 \%$ ee; Repeating the above operation until the obtained solution was below $99 \%$ ee analyzed by HPLC; The obtained solution was combined and concentrated to give $\mathbf{4 h}$ ( $22 \%$ yield, $99 \%$ ee).
${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99-7.82$ $(\mathrm{m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.67(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.60(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.57-7.48(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-$ $7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83-3.76(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.65(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.8,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 190.5,156.8,143.9,136.1,135.8,132.8,132.5$, $132.0,131.3,130.9,130.0,129.5,129.1,128.7,127.9,127.1,124.1,121.3,120.4$ (dd, $\left.J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=291.5,283.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 114.8,55.7,45.7,42.3\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=30.0,20.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F} \mathbf{N M R}$ ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-102.28--103.67(\mathrm{~m}),-106.15$ (ddd, $J=237.3,15.8,2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 494.1238$, found: 494.1235; [ $\left.\alpha\right]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}$ $=107.4$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), 99\% ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n-Hexane/i$\operatorname{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm$) t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $48.4 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 32.4 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 31.844 | 107260.8 | 1285.3 | 1.2532 | 0.932 | 51.877 |
| 2 | 48.007 | 99500.1 | 830.4 | 1.8288 | 0.582 | 48.123 |



### 2.3 Preparation of compound $5 \mathbf{a}^{6}$



To solution of $\mathbf{4 a}(44.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol},>99.5 \%$ ee $)$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ at Schlenk tube $(25 \mathrm{~mL})$ under argon atmosphere was placed in ice water bath and added $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Ce}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{6}(185 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(1.4 \mathrm{~mL})$ dropwise. After stirred at the temperature for 45 minutes, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aq. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}$, and extracted three times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The obtained solid was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to give ( $(2 R, 3 S)$-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)aziridin-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone 5a as white solid with $81 \%$ yield, $>99.9 \%$ ee. M.p. $165.8-166.4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.2$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=5 / 1$ ).

## ((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)aziridin-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone (5a)


${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.91(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.73(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{tt}, J=23.4,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $5 \mathrm{H}), 3.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.33(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.37(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 191.3,135.9,135.5,134.2,131.9,131.0$, $129.5,128.9,128.9,120.8\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=289.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 39.0,36.7\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=25.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-103.42$ (dd, $J=235.3,11.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-104.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=234.5 \mathrm{~Hz})$. HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 338.0662$, found: $338.0670 ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}$ $=116.4$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), >99.9\% ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n-Hexane/i-
$\operatorname{PrOH}=70 / 30$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm$) t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $20.5 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 36.3 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20.699 | 3870.3 | 99.8 | 0.5922 | 0.748 | 50.352 |
| 2 | 36.404 | 3816.2 | 57.8 | 1.0235 | 0.818 | 49.648 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20.516 | 7726.7 | 201.6 | 0.5899 | 0.708 | 99.959 |
| 2 | 36.303 | 3.2 | $3.1 \mathrm{E}-1$ | 0.1296 | 0 | 0.041 |

### 2.4 Preparation of compound $\mathbf{5 b}{ }^{\mathbf{7}}$



To solution of $\mathbf{4 a}(44.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol},>99.5 \% \mathrm{ee})$ in EtOH ( 2 mL ) at round-bottom flask ( 10 mL ) was cooled $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and added $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol})$ in small amounts. After being stirred at the temperature for 12 h , the reaction mixture was quenched by addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and acidified with 4 M aq. HCl , and extracted three times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to give ((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)aziridin-2-yl)(phenyl)methanone 5b as
white solid with $95 \%$ yield, $>99.5 \%$ ee. M.p. $39.0-40.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=5 / 1$ ).
(S)-((2R,3S)-3-(difluoro(phenylsulfonyl)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)aziridin-2yl)(phenyl)methanol (5b)

${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.84(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.70(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.45(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.65-6.57(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $6.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73-3.61(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}), 3.02(\mathrm{dt}, J=18.8,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.73-2.66(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 156.1,144.7,141.5,136.2,131.5,131.1,129.8,128.8,128.3,126.4,122.0\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=\right.$ $287.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 120.4,114.4,71.5(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 55.5,51.4,40.6\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=25.5,19.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$. ${ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $377 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-95.94(\mathrm{dd}, J=236.0,4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $-108.40(\mathrm{dd}, J=236.0$, 18.9 Hz ). HRMS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 446.1238 , found: 446.1233; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-83.0$ (c 1.0, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ), >99\% ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, $n-$ Hexane $/ \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{PrOH}=80 / 20$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm$) t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $11.4 \mathrm{~min}, t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of minor isomer 8.5 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.46 | 2994 | 173.8 | 0.2651 | 0.833 | 49.926 |
| 2 | 11.455 | 3003 | 139.9 | 0.3291 | 0.777 | 50.074 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.48 | 5.3 | $2.8 \mathrm{E}-1$ | 0.2694 | 0.926 | 0.148 |
| 2 | 11.441 | 3542.3 | 164.5 | 0.3328 | 0.769 | 99.852 |

### 2.5 Preparation of compound $\mathbf{5 c}^{8}$



The Cis-CF 2 -aziridine $\mathbf{4 a}(44.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol},>99.5 \%$ ee) was dissolved in acetone ( 4 mL ) at two-mouth round-bottom flask. To this solution was added 6 N aq. $\mathrm{HCl}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ dropwise at room temperature. The flask was then equipped with an air condenser and an argon balloon at the top of the condenser through a rubber septum. The solution was stirred at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 hours until the consumption of $4 \mathbf{a}$ was completed (monitored by TLC). The solution was then cooled to room temperature and quenched with saturated aq. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ until no bubbles generated, and extracted three times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under vacuum. The obtained solid was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$, and performed two-phase recrystallization with 45 mL of petroleum ether at room temperature. The (2S,3R)-2-chloro-4,4-difluoro-3-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-1-phenyl-4-(phenylsulfonyl)butan-1-one $\mathbf{5 c}$ was collected as white solid with $89 \%$ yield, $>99.9 \%$ ee. M.p. $140.3-141.2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.4$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=5 / 1$ ).

## (2S,3R)-2-chloro-4,4-difluoro-3-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-1-phenyl-4-(phenylsulfonyl)butan-1-one (5c)


(ddt, $J=21.3,10.8,5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), $3.66(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13}$ C NMR ( 101 MHz , DMSO-d ${ }_{6}$ ) $\delta 191.1$, $152.1,139.9,136.0,134.4,133.5,132.7,130.0,129.7,129.2,128.7,121.6\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=\right.$ $295.7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 114.9,114.3,58.3,55.2,54.5\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=23.6,17.8 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-d ${ }_{6}$ ) $\delta-101.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=234.2,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), -109.11 (dd, $J=234.1,20.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). HRMS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{SCl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 480.0848, found: 480.0849; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-123.6\left(\mathrm{c} 1.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right),>99 \%$ ee; HPLC (column, Daicel Chirapak IC, n-Hexane/i- $\operatorname{PrOH}=90 / 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ detection UV 254 nm ) $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ of major isomer $20.2 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}$ of minor isomer 26.2 min .


| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> $\mathrm{mAU}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~S}$ | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20.221 | 16447.2 | 430.7 | 0.5824 | 0.718 | 50.090 |
| 2 | 25.945 | 16388.2 | 352.9 | 0.7135 | 0.707 | 49.910 |



| Peak <br> $\#$ | Ret.Time <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Area <br> mAU *S | Height <br> $(\mathrm{mAU})$ | Width <br> $(\mathrm{min})$ | Symmetry <br> Factor | Area <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20.229 | 8066.9 | 216.7 | 0.5713 | 0.739 | 99.924 |
| 2 | 26.156 | 6.2 | $1.2 \mathrm{E}-1$ | 0.6309 | 5.851 | 0.076 |

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## 4 NMR spectra of all the new compounds

##  <br> 

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR



| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



## 

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



## ${ }^{13}$ C NMR





## 

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR




##  <br> 

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR


 in
${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR



-106.4
f1 (ppm)

| 0 | -20 | -40 | -60 | -80 | -100 <br> $\mathrm{f} 1(\mathrm{ppm})$ | -130 | -160 | -190 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## 

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR


| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 80 60 | 40 | 20 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR


${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR


${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR


| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(10)

##  <br> 

## ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



$\stackrel{\infty}{\stackrel{\infty}{\otimes}}$


13C NMR

| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 <br> $\mathrm{f} 1(\mathrm{ppm})$ | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

(10)

## ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR







## 

njmin n in

## ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR <br> 







## ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR



${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR



| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 <br> f1 (ppm) | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(10)


${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR





| 200 | 170 | 140 | 110 <br> f1 (ppm) | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## 5 X-Ray Crystallographic Data

5.1 The X-ray crystallographic structures for compound $\mathbf{4 a}$. Crystal data have been deposited to CCDC, number 1983642.


Table 1 Crystal data and structure refinement for Compound 4a

| Identification code | 22019902 TXF 0m |
| :---: | :---: |
| Empirical formula | $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| Formula weight | 443.45 |
| Temperature/K | 173.0 |
| Crystal system | monoclinic |
| Space group | P21 |
| $\mathrm{a} / \AA$ | 8.9940 (4) |
| b/Å | 10.3367 (5) |
| c/Å | 11.4489 (5) |
| $\alpha /{ }^{\circ}$ | 90 |
| $\beta /{ }^{\circ}$ | 91.170 (2) |
| $\gamma /{ }^{\circ}$ | 90 |
| Volume/ $\AA^{3}$ | 1064.16 (8) |
| Z | 2 |
| pcalcg/ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ | 1.384 |
| $\mu / \mathrm{mm}^{-1}$ | 1.773 |
| F (000) | 460.0 |
| Crystal size/ $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ | $0.19 \times 0.15 \times 0.12$ |
| Radiatio | $\mathrm{CuK} \alpha(\lambda=1.54184)$ |
| $2 \Theta$ range for data collection $/{ }^{\circ}$ | 12.392 to 133.332 |
| Index ranges | $10 \leq \mathrm{h} \leq 10,-12 \leq \mathrm{k} \leq 11,-13 \leq 1 \leq 13$ |
| Reflections collected | 8172 |
| Independent reflections | $3473\left[\mathrm{R}_{\text {int }}=0.0278, \mathrm{R}_{\text {sigma }}=0.0417\right]$ |
| Data/restraints/parameters | 3473/1/281 |
| Goodness-of-fit on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ | 1.117 |
| Final R indexes $[\mathrm{I}>=2 \sigma$ (I)] | $\mathrm{R}_{1}=0.0302, \mathrm{wR}_{2}=0.0771$ |
| Final R indexes [all data] | $\mathrm{R}_{1}=0.0304, \mathrm{wR}_{2}=0.0772$ |
| Largest diff. peak/hole / e $\AA^{-3}$ | 0.24/-0.29 |
| Flack parameter | 0.064 (8) |

5.2 The X-ray crystallographic structures for compound $\mathbf{5 c}$. Crystal data have been deposited to CCDC, number 1983643.


Table 1 Crystal data and structure refinement for Compound 5c

| Identification code | DS |
| :---: | :---: |
| Empirical formula | $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClF}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| Formula weight | 479.91 |
| Temperature/K | 170.0 |
| Crystal system | monoclinic |
| Space group | P21 |
| a/Å | 5.5826 (8) |
| b/Å | 16.132 (2) |
| c/Å | 11.8958 (13) |
| $\alpha /{ }^{\circ}$ | 90 |
| $\beta /{ }^{\circ}$ | 90.12 (5) |
| $\gamma /{ }^{\circ}$ | 90 |
| Volume/ $\AA^{3}$ | 1071.3 (2) |
| Z | 2 |
| $\rho \mathrm{calcg} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ | 1.488 |
| $\mu / \mathrm{mm}^{-1}$ | 0.325 |
| F (000) | 496.0 |
| Crystal size $/ \mathrm{mm}^{3}$ | $0.19 \times 0.12 \times 0.08$ |
| Radiation | $\mathrm{MoK} \alpha(\lambda=0.71073)$ |
| $2 \Theta$ range for data collection $/{ }^{\circ}$ | 5.05 to 53.128 |
| Index ranges | $-6 \leq \mathrm{h} \leq 7,-20 \leq \mathrm{k} \leq 19,-14 \leq 1 \leq 14$ |
| Reflections collected | 12417 |
| Independent reflections | $4273\left[\mathrm{R}_{\text {int }}=0.0518, \mathrm{R}_{\text {sigma }}=0.0626\right]$ |
| Data/restraints/parameters | 4273/1/290 |
| Goodness-of-fit on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ | 1.035 |
| Final R indexes [ $\mathrm{I}>=2 \sigma$ (I) ] | $\mathrm{R}_{1}=0.0434, \mathrm{wR}_{2}=0.0836$ |
| Final R indexes [all data] | $\mathrm{R}_{1}=0.0685, \mathrm{wR}_{2}=0.0982$ |
| Largest diff. peak/hole / e $\AA^{-3}$ | 0.25/-0.32 |
| Flack parameter | -0.07 (5) |

